

Worked Example

Thin Cylinders and Shells

An air vessel of length 2 m has an external diameter of 400 mm is manufactured from 10 mm thick steel plate as shown in Figure Ex.1. The steel has a Young's modulus of 200 GN/m² and a Poisson's ratio of 0.3. The vessel is subjected to an internal pressure of 10 MN/m². Determine:

- the hoop and longitudinal stresses set-up in the vessel material;
- the increase in the internal diameter;
- the increase in the vessel length

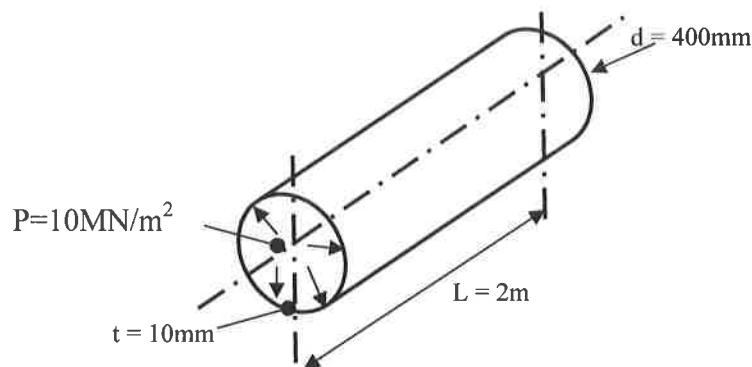


Figure Ex.1

Solution

- Hoop and Longitudinal Stresses:

$$\sigma_H = \frac{pd}{2t} = \frac{(10 \times 10^6) \times 0.38}{2 \times 0.01} = 190 \text{ MN/m}^2$$

$$\sigma_L = \frac{pd}{4t} = \frac{(10 \times 10^6) \times 0.38}{4 \times 0.01} = 95 \text{ MN/m}^2$$

- Increase in Internal Diameter:

$$\therefore \Delta d = \frac{pd^2}{4tE} (2 - \nu) = \frac{10 \times 10^6 \times 0.38^2}{4 \times 0.01 \times (200 \times 10^9)} (2 - 0.3) = 0.00031 \text{ m} = 0.31 \text{ mm}$$

- Increase in Length:

$$\therefore \Delta L = \frac{pdL}{4tE} (1 - 2\nu) = \frac{10 \times 10^6 \times 0.38 \times 2}{4 \times 0.01 \times (200 \times 10^9)} (1 - 2(0.3)) = 0.00038 \text{ m} = 0.38 \text{ mm}$$