## Mercury

## Question - Indices and simplification

Simplify

$$
\frac{\sqrt{x}(y z)^{2}}{x^{3} y^{-3 / 2}}
$$

into the form $x^{a} y^{b} z^{c}$ for numbers $a, b$ and $c$.

## Question - Algebra simplification and factorization

Simplify this expression and then take out a common factor to factorize:

$$
3 x^{2}+4 x y-x^{2}-6 x y
$$

## Question - Trigonometry

If a right-angled triangle's two shortest sides are 5 and 12, work out how long the longest side is, and give a formula for the smallest of the three angles inside the triangle using an inverse trigonometric function.

## Good link - Reciprocal trigonometric functions

Give definitions of the functions sec, cot and cosec.
Then for practice of sec, cot and cosec use the Khan Academy link

## Question - See HELM notes on Trigonometric identities page 15/17

Show that

$$
(1+\sin (t))(1+\sin (-t)) \equiv \cos ^{2}(t)
$$

## Question - Hyperbolic functions

Calculate $2 \sinh (x) \cosh (x)$, what function is it equal to? Use the $e^{x}+e^{-x}$ formula etc.

